



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT  
MIDDLE SECTION  
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE  
INDUSTRIES**

**NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_ **CLASS VIII SEC:** \_\_\_ **ROLL NO:** \_\_\_ **DATE:** \_\_\_/11/2017

**I. FILL N THE BLANKS :**

1. Secondary activities or \_\_\_\_\_ change \_\_\_\_\_ into products of more value to people.
2. The finished product has more \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ than the raw material that it is made from.
3. Hindustan Aeronautics Limited and Steel Authority of India Limited are examples of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ industries use lesser amount of capital and technology as compared to \_\_\_\_\_ industries that produce large volumes of products.
5. Joint sector industries are owned and operated by the \_\_\_\_\_ and individuals or a \_\_\_\_\_ of individuals.
6. In industries, accidents/ disasters mainly occur due to \_\_\_\_\_ failure or irresponsible handling of \_\_\_\_\_ material.
7. The Indian iron and steel industry consists of large \_\_\_\_\_ steel plants as well as \_\_\_\_\_ steel mills.
8. In 18<sup>th</sup> century \_\_\_\_\_ looms facilitated the development of cotton textile industry, first in \_\_\_\_\_ and later in other parts of the world.
9. The \_\_\_\_\_ of Dhaka, \_\_\_\_\_ of Masulipatnam, and \_\_\_\_\_ of Calicut were known worldwide for their quality and design.
10. Bengaluru has the largest number of \_\_\_\_\_ institutions and \_\_\_\_\_ colleges in India.

**II. NAME THE FOLLOWING :**

1. Processing sea food and manufacturing fish oil are some examples of this type of industry. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Two co - operative sector industries in India. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. Process in which metals are extracted from their ores by heating beyond the melting point. \_\_\_\_\_
4. The only iron and steel plant in India before 1947. \_\_\_\_\_
5. The largest of the five Great Lakes. \_\_\_\_\_
6. An important steel city of the United States of America. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Any two man-made fibres. \_\_\_\_\_
8. The city in India where the first successful mechanized textile mill was established in 1854. \_\_\_\_\_
9. Manchester of Japan. \_\_\_\_\_
10. This industry deals in storage, processing and distribution of information. \_\_\_\_\_

**III. On the given outline map of India mark and label the following:**

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. India's first iron and steel Plant</li> <li>2. Bhilai</li> <li>3. Salem</li> <li>4. Manchester of India</li> <li>5. Mumbai</li> <li>6. Coimbatore</li> <li>7. Ludhiana</li> <li>8. Silicon Plateau</li> <li>9. Hyderabad</li> <li>10. Chandigarh</li> </ol>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Answer Key for map work</b></p>
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**IV. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN TWO POINTS:**

1. What are industrial regions? Where do most of the world's major industrial regions tend to be located?
2. Explain the factors that affect the location of industries
3. Distinguish between agro based industries and mineral based industries
4. What are 'Sunrise Industries'? Explain with examples
5. 'The traditional cotton textile industry could not face competition from the new textile mills of the West.' Why?

**V. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN THREE POINTS :**

6. Describe the components in an industrial system

7. Why do high technology industries group together?

**VI. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN FOUR POINTS :**

8. 'Steel is often called the backbone of modern industry.' Justify the statement
9. As a responsible citizen suggest some risk reduction measures for an industrial disaster

